AWB Scope Calculations Help

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1 Introduction

AWB Scope Calculations is one of a set of applications under my AstroWorkBench (AWB) collection that I use during my observational sessions. I wrote this application with the purpose of allowing some frequently used calculations to be tailored to any setup and therefore quickly calculated.

2 Startup

Upon starting the AWB Scope Calculations application the following screen will be presented

WB Scope Calculations	- 🗆 X
Reference Data Help	
Telescope Image: Comparison of the com	perture (mm): Focal Ratio (fr): Calculate ing Visual Mag (approx): Clear
Barlow: Acting Focal Ratio (ff):	Acting Focal Length: Clear
CCD Select CCD: ▼ Bin: 1x1 ▼ OR Pixel Size X by Y (microns): Calculate Chip Size X by Y (pixels): Calculate Arc Secs per pixel: ? Field of View (X by Y): arc mins	Eyepiece Select Eyepiece: OR Focal Length (mm): Apparent Field (degs): Magnification: Real Field Of View: degrees Exit Pupil (mm):
Eyepiece Projection Select Eyepiece: OR Focal Length (mm): Eyepiece distance to CCD (mm): ? New Scope Focal Length (mm): Calculate New Scope Focal Ratio (ff):	

The menu bar, shown below in exploded view, allows access to additional screens to maintain the reference data, access the Help file (this document) and my website www.astroworkbench.co.uk.

AWB Scope Calculations	
Reference Data Help	
Maintain Telescope List	Help
Maintain Eyepiece List	- Help (pdf)
Maintain CCD List	AstroWorkBench web site
Maintain Focal Reducer List	About

NOTE: It is recommended that before you use the main screen, you add / modify the lists of reference data (telescopes, Focal Reducers, Eyepieces and CCDs) to include your own setup. This will make the subsequent use of the main screen easier as all entries that are maintained by the reference data screens appear in the drop-down lists on the main screen.

3 Reference Data Screens

The reference data screens allow information to be entered to describe your setup as follows: -

- Maintain Telescope List;
- Maintain Eyepiece List;
- Maintain CCD List;
- Maintain Focal reducer List and distance.

3.1 Maintain Telescope List

Enter your telescope(s) details including the Aperture in mm and the Focal ratio.

👸 Ma	MaintainTelescopes – 🗆 🗙						
	Make /	Model	Aperture (mm)	F-ratio			
•	Celestron	C11	279	10			
	Meade	LX200	250	10			
*							
		Delet	e Current Row	Save All Ch	anges		
Enter th	Inter the manufacturer of the scope						

3.2 Maintain Eyepiece List

Enter your eyepieces details including their Focal Length in mm and Field of View in degrees.

👸 Ma	Maintain Eyepieces – 🗆 🗙							
	Make /	Model	Foca Lengt (mm)	l Fie h Vie (de	eld Of ew egrees)			-
•	Meade	Series 4000 Plössl	6.4	52				
	Meade	Series 4000 Plössl	9.7	52				
	Meade	Series 4000 Plössl	12.4	52				
	Meade	Series 4000 Plössl	15	52				
	Meade	Series 4000 Plössl	20	52				
	Meade	Series 4000 Plössl	26	52				
	Meade	Series 4000 Plössl	32	52				
	Meade	Series 4000 Plössl	40	44				
	Meade	Series 4000 Plössl	56	52				
	Meade	Series 4000 Super Wide	13.8	67				_
	Maada	Conica 4000 Curren Wide	10	C7				•
			Delete Curr	entRow	Save A	ll Ch	anges	;
Enter the manufacturer of the eyepiece								

3.3 Maintain CCD List

Enter your CCD(s) details including the X and Y pixel sizes in microns and chip sizes in pixels. These should be specified in your CCD manual.

👸 М	Maintain CCDs - X							
	Make	Model	Pixel Seize X (nm)	Pixel Seize Y (nm)	Chip Size X (pixels)	Chip Size Y (pixels)		
•	Atik	314L+	6.45	6.45	1392	1040		
	Canon	EOS550d	4.3	4.3	5184	3456		
	Canon	EOS6D	6.54	6.54	5472	3648		
	ZWO	ASI120MM	3.75	3.75	1280	960		
	ZWO	ASI178MC	2.4	2.4	3096	2080		
				Dele	te Current Row	Save All Char	iges	
Entert	Enter the manufacturer of the CCD							

3.4 Maintain Focal reducer List

Enter your focal reducer(s) details including its focal length in mm. Also ensure that the FR distance to the CCD is set correctly for your setup – see section 4.2 for details.

_	👸 M	aintain Focal Reducers			—		×
:		Description	Focal Length (mm)	Distance (mm)			
F	•	Celestron f6.3	285	105			
1		Meade f6.3	260	95			
1		Antares f6.3	220	81			
l		Meade f3.3	85	57			
ł							
e							
b							
ic			Delete Curre	nt Row	Save All	Changes	3
1	Enter the description						

4 Main Screen

The main screen is split into the following five sections:

- Telescope;
- Focal Reducer;
- CCD;
- Eyepiece Projection;
- Eyepiece.

These sections are explained below:

4.1 Telescope

This section must be completed before using any of the other sections.

To use this section:

- 1) Use the drop list to select your scope **OR** enter the aperture and focal ratio of your scope.
- 2) Press the *Calculate* button.
- 3) The Focal length, Dawes Limit and Limiting Visual Magnitude will be calculated and displayed.
- 4) You may clear all fields via the *Clear* button.

The screen shots below show (i) the results for a Celestron C11 being selected via the drop-list and (ii) the same Aperture and Focal ratio being entered manually.

Telescope		
Celestron C11, Aperture=279mm, fr=10	OR Aperture (mm): Focal Ratio (fr):	Calculate
Focal Length (mm): 2790 Dawes Limit (arc-secs): 0.42	Limiting Visual Mag (approx): 14.7	Clear
Telescope		[:
•	OR Aperture (mm): 279 Focal Ratio (fr): 10	Calculate
Focal Length (mm): 2790 Dawes Limit (arc-secs): 0.42	Limiting Visual Mag (approx): 14.7	Clear

4.2 Focal Reducer

If you use a focal reducer on your scope then enter its details in this section.

To use this section:

- 1) Use the drop list to select your focal reducer **OR** enter the focal length of the focal reducer and the distance to the CCD **this measurement is critical**, see below for details.
- 2) Press the *Calculate* button.
- 3) Effective focal ratio of your setup will be displayed.
- 4) You may clear all fields via the *Clear* button.

The screen shots below show the results of:

- A Celestron f6.3 reducer that has a focal length of 285mm being placed with 105mm between the focal reducer and CCD. Note that at this distance the acting telescopes focal ratio is the 'advertised' f6.3.
- 2) The same reducer being placed with 120mm between the focal reducer and CCD. Note that at this distance the acting telescopes focal ratio is actually f5.8 and not the 'advertised' f6.3.

Focal Reducer (FR) or Barlow FR: Celestron f6.3, FL=285	OR FR's Focal Length (mm): FR distance to CCD (mm): 105 ?	Calculate
Barlow:	Acting Focal Ratio (fr): 6.3 Acting Focal Length: 1762	Clear
Focal Reducer (FR) or Barlow		
FR: Celestron f6.3, FL=285	OR FR's Focal Length (mm): FR distance to CCD (mm): 120 2	Calculate
Barlow:	Acting Focal Ratio (fr): 5.8 Acting Focal Length: 1615	Clear

It is therefore critical that to achieve the optimal f6.3 usage for this particular focal reducer the distance needs to be 105mm.

To show what is meant by the '*FR distance to CCD*', and how you can measure it, click the "**?**" button which presents the following diagrammatic example set up. The FR distance to the CCD is from the edge of the focal reducers glass element to the plane of the CCD, and for the example shown below, a Celestron focal reducer with a focal length of 285, it is 105mm for the focal reducer to work at f6.3.



4.3 CCD

To use this section:

- 1) Use the drop list to select your CCD **OR** enter the pixel and chip sizes of your CCD.
- 2) Press the *Calculate* button.
- 3) The arc seconds per pixel and FOV will be displayed.
- 4) You may clear all fields via the *Clear* button.

Note that the heading text of the section changes when you calculate a scope and/or a focal reducer to show the acting focal length and f-ratio which are being used for the CCD calculations.

The screen shots below show:

- 1) An Atik 314L+ being used on a scope (or a scope with a focal reducer) working at a focal length of 1762mm with a f-ratio of f6.3 (this is my C11 with a f6.3 focal reducer setup).
- 2) The same as (1) but with the CCD binning at 2x2.
- 3) The same CCD but on a 2790mm and f10 setup (this is my C11 without the focal reducer).

Note how the arc secs per pixel and FOV differ. The arc seconds per pixel is a useful indicator which indicates if you are in danger of over or under sampling your image. Click the question mark help button next to the field for a further explanation of this value.

CCD (scope fl 1762mm at f6.3)					
Select CCD: OR	Atik 314	1L+	•	Bin: 1x1 💌	
Pixel Size X by Y (microns):				Calculate	
Chip Size X by Y (pixels):				Calculate	
Arc Secs per pixel:	0.75	?	_	Clear	
Field of View (X by Y):	17.52	13.09	arc mins		
CCD (scope fl 1762mm at f6.3	3)				
Select CCD: OR	Atik 31	4L+	•	Bin: 2x2 💌	
Pixel Size X by Y (microns):				Colculato	
Chip Size X by Y (pixels):				Calculate	
Arc Secs per pixel:	1.51	?		Clear	
Field of View (X by Y):	17.52	13.09	arc mins		
CCD (scope fl 2790mm at f10)				
Select CCD:	Atik 31	4L+	•	Bin: 1x1 💌	
OR					
Pixel Size X by Y (microns):				Calculate	
Chip Size X by Y (pixels):					
Arc Secs per pixel:	0.48	?		Clear	
Field of View (X by Y):	11.06	8.27	arc mins		

4.4 Eyepiece

To use this section:

- 1) Use the drop list to select your eyepiece **OR** enter the focal length and FOV of your eyepiece.
- 2) Press the *Calculate* button.
- 3) The Magnification, the real field of view and exit pupil size will be calculated and displayed.
- 4) You may clear all fields via the *Clear* button.

Note that the heading text of the section changes when you calculate a scope and/or a focal reducer to show the acting focal length and f-ratio which are being used for the eyepiece calculations.

The screen shot below shows the results for an eyepiece with a 26mm focal length with 52 degrees FOV for a scope with an acting focal length of 2790mm and an f-ratio of 10. In this example it shows that the moon (which has an approximate size of 0.5 degrees) will fill the view provided by this eyepiece.

Eyepiece (scope fl 2790)	0mm at f10)	
Select Eyepiece:	Meade 26mm 52 degs, Series 4000 Plös	sl 🔻
OR		
Focal Length (mm):	Calculat	e
Apparent Field (degs):		
Magnification:	107 Clear	
Real Field Of View:	0.48 degrees Exit Pupil (mm):	2.6

The maximum night adapted pupil size for a person is normally around 5 to 8mm (typically decreases as you get older). The exit pupil calculation gives you the size of the image coming from the eyepiece. In the above example (2.6mm) your eye should therefore have no problem accommodating this setup.

4.5 Eyepiece Projection

Eyepiece projection is commonly used for imaging planets as it provides a larger image for small objects.

To use this section:

- 1) Use the drop list to select your Eyepiece **OR** enter the focal length of an eyepiece.
- 2) Enter the distance from your eyepiece to the CCD.
- 3) Press the *Calculate* button.
- 4) Effective focal length and focal ratio of your setup will be displayed.
- 5) You may clear all fields via the *Clear* button.

Note that the heading text of the section changes when you calculate a scope and/or a focal reducer to show the acting focal length and f-ratio which are being used for the eyepiece projection calculations.

The screen shot below shows the results for an eyepiece with a 20mm focal length with 52 degrees FOV for a scope with an acting focal length of 2790mm and an f-ratio of 10 In this example it shows that the resulting acting image equates to a focal length of 12,555mm and a f-ratio of 45.

Eveniese Projection (scope fl 2790mm at f10)					
Lyepiecer rojection (sco	pe ir 2750min actro				
Select Eyepiece:	Meade 20mm 52 degs, Se	eries 4000 Plössl 👻			
OR Focal Length (mm):					
Eyepiece distance to CC	:D (mm): 110 ?	Calculate			
New Scope Focal Lengt	h (mm): 12555	Calculate			
New Scope Focal Ratio	(fr): 45	Clear			

To show what is meant by the 'the distance from your eyepiece to the CCD', and how you can measure it, click on the "?" button which presents the following diagrammatic explanation. It is the distance from the edge of the eyepiece glass element to the plane of the CCD (the image shows the eyepiece outside the tele-extender but during operation the eyepiece is inside the tele-extender which is then attached to the back of the scope).



5 Further Information

Please visit my website <u>www.astroworkbench.co.uk</u> for further applications, documents and articles.

Thanks.

Keith.